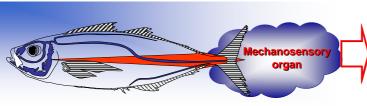
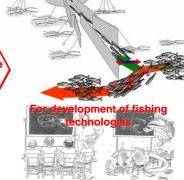
Histological approach on the lateral line organs of jack mackerel (*Trachurus japonicus*) (マアジの側線器官に関する組織学的検討) Nofrizal (aan_fish@yahoo.com), Takafumi ARIMOTO and Hiroshi INADA

Laboratory of Fish Behaviour, Tokyo University of Marine Science and

Introduction



to gear



Purpose of the study; To describe the structure and function of lateral line and other organs for mechanical sensing

Materials and Methods

1. Visualization of lateral line canal and pores

Dying of the whole body with the methylene blue solution (1%)



Injection of hematoxylene solution into lateral canal at the head



1. Fixation in 10% & 20%

formalin (un-buffered)



2. Embedding in paraffin Transferred by ethanol 75%; Dehydrated by ethanol (80%,85%,90%,95% & 100%); Cleared by Xylene; cut to 2-8 µm.



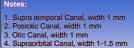
2. Histological process





Result

1. Structure of lateral line canal on the head and trunk



Infraorbital Canal, width 1-1.5 mm Preoperculum Canal, width 1-1.5 mm
Mandibular Canal, width1-1.5 mm

84 MainTrunk Line Canal 8_B. Dorsal Trunk Line Canal 8c. Ventral Trunk Line Canal

Hematoxylin solution

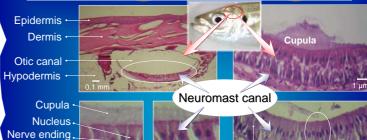


Distribution of lateral line canal in the head



3. Hair cell (Transformation and translation organ)

Staining by hematoxylin-eosin

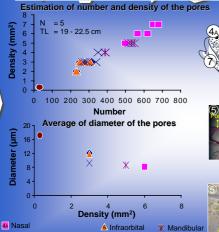


efferent Supporting cell Basal

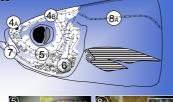
membrane

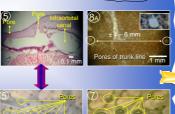
Ave. of hair cell dimensions; Height 1.43 µm, width 0.48 µm, nucleus 0.34 µm Ø.

2. Distribution of the pores (Receiver organ)



Dorsal surface of the head X Preoperculum ® Trunk line





4. Hypothesis

Sensitive area to detect the object

